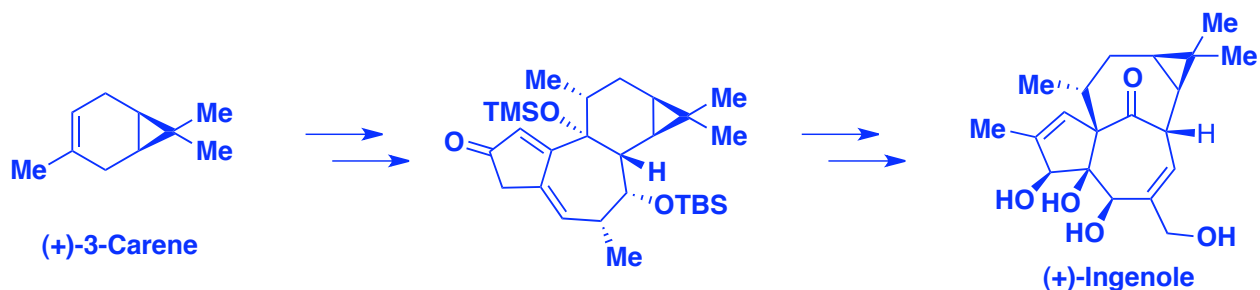


14-Step Synthesis of (+)-Ingenol from (+)-3-Carene

Lars Jørgensen, Steven J. McKerrall, Christian A. Kuttruff, Felix Ungeheuer,
Jakob Felding, Phil S. Baran,
Science, Published online 1 August 2013, DOI: 10.1126/science.1241606

"...I think that most organic chemists had considered ingenol beyond the reach of scalable chemical synthesis..." P. S. Baran



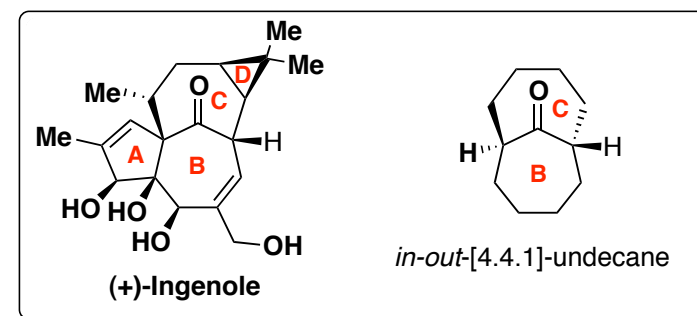
Raffaele Colombo – 8/24/2013

Ingenol

Ingenol is a diterpenoid first isolated by Hecker in **1968** from *Euphorbia ingens*



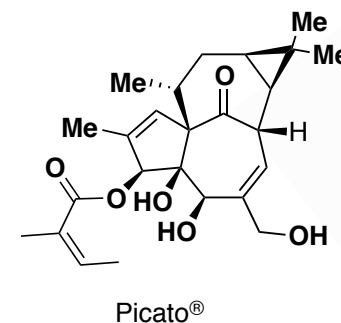
The structure was elucidated through X-ray crystallography by Hecker in **1970** and contains a unique bicyclo[4.4.1]undecan-11-one core (rings **BC**) with a *in,out* intrabridgehead relationship



Ingenol esters showed:

- anticancer activity *in vivo*
- anti HIV activity *in vitro*

Ingenol mebutate (**Picato®**, Leo Pharma) is **FDA approved (2012)** for the treatment of actinic keratosis and has completed phase II clinical trials for the topical treatment of basal cell carcinomas



Ingenol mebutate

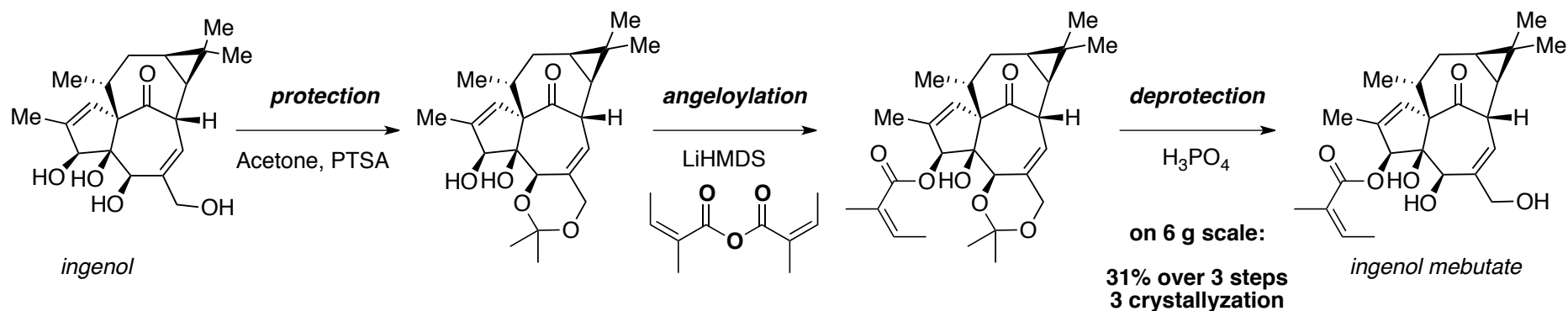
The current sources of ingenol mebutate are:

- direct isolation from *E. peplus* (commercial source)
- semisynthesis from ingenol

Isolation of ingenol mebutate and ingenol are:

1.1 mg of ingenol mebutate per Kg of *E. peplus*

275 mg of ingenol per Kg of *E. lathryis*



Synlett **2012**, 23, 2647-2652 (Leo Pharma procedure)

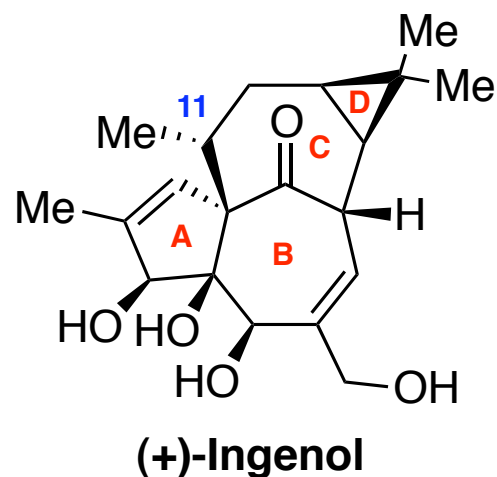
Ingenol - previous approaches

3 total synthesis:

- **Winkler (2002)**: [2+2] photocycloaddition – 43 steps, 0.007% - racemic
- **Tanino/Kuwajima (2003)**: pinacol rearrangement – 45 steps, 0.03% - racemic
- **Wood (2004)**: ring close metathesis - 37 steps, 0.002% - asymmetric

1 formal synthesis:

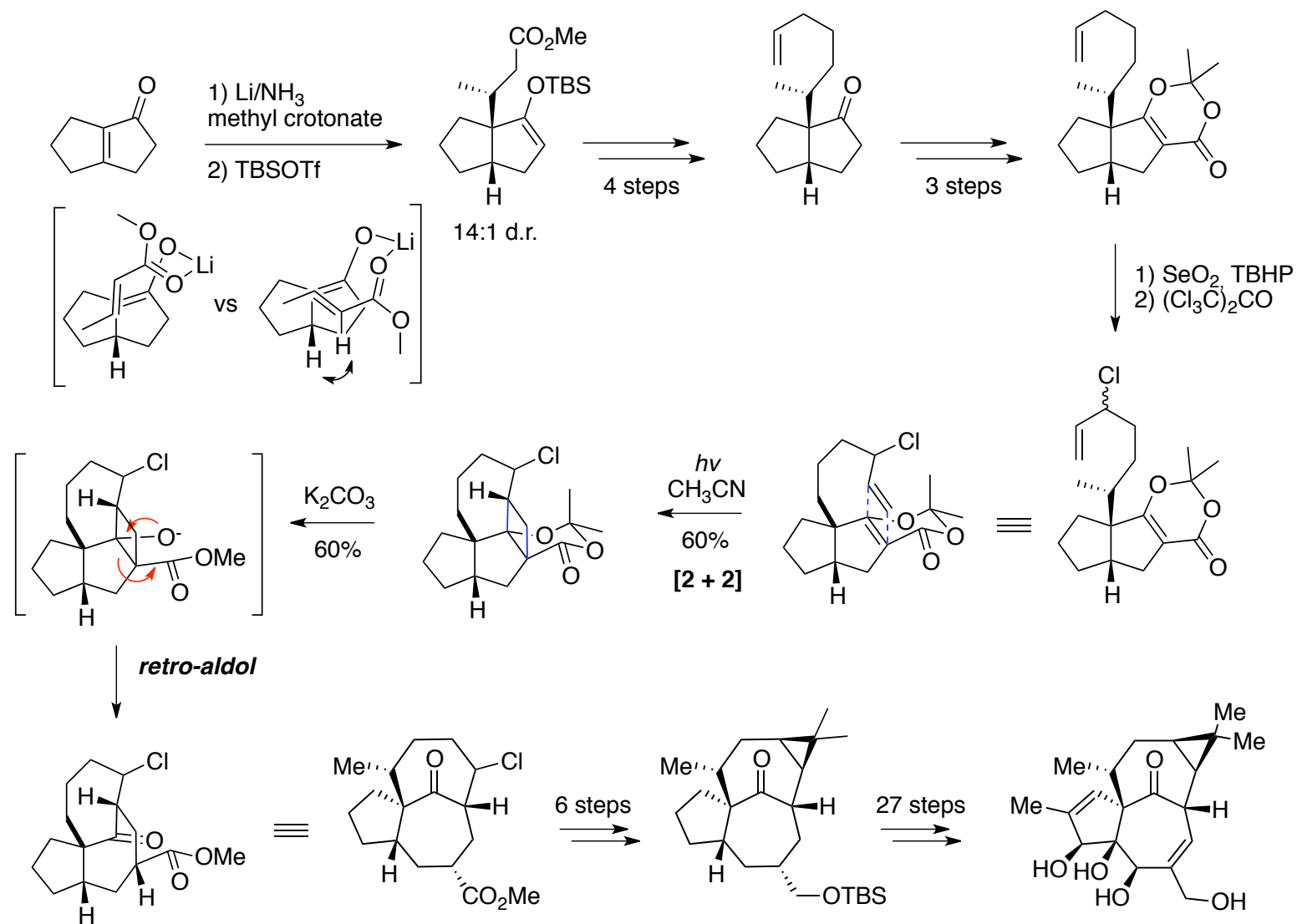
- **Kigoshi (2004)**: ring close metathesis – 36 steps, 0.01% based on Winkler's route, asymmetric



Synthetic challenges:

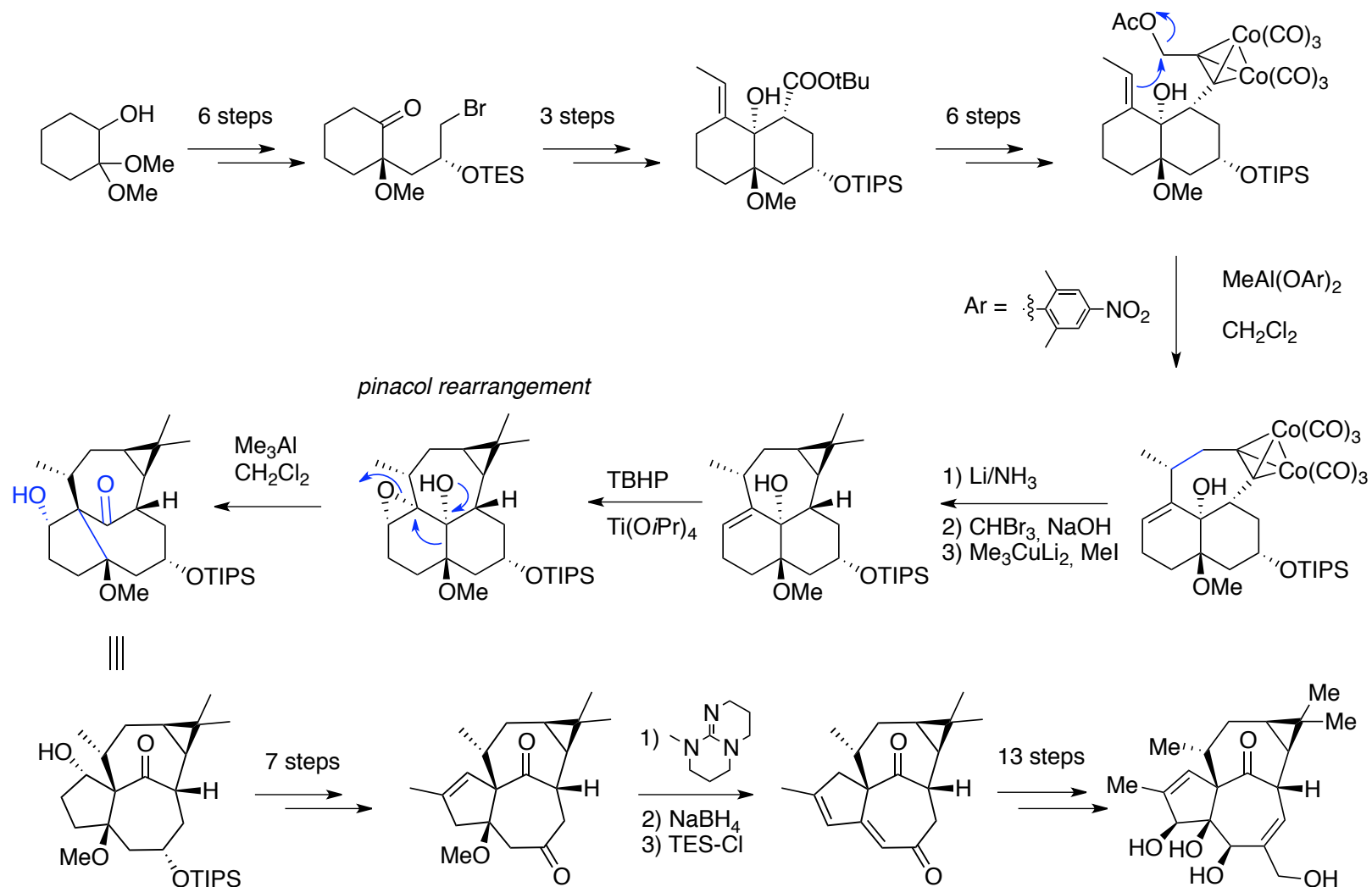
- *in-out* intrabridgehead stereochemistry
- 4 hydroxyl groups in the south part
- Stereochemistry at C-11

Winkler's strategy



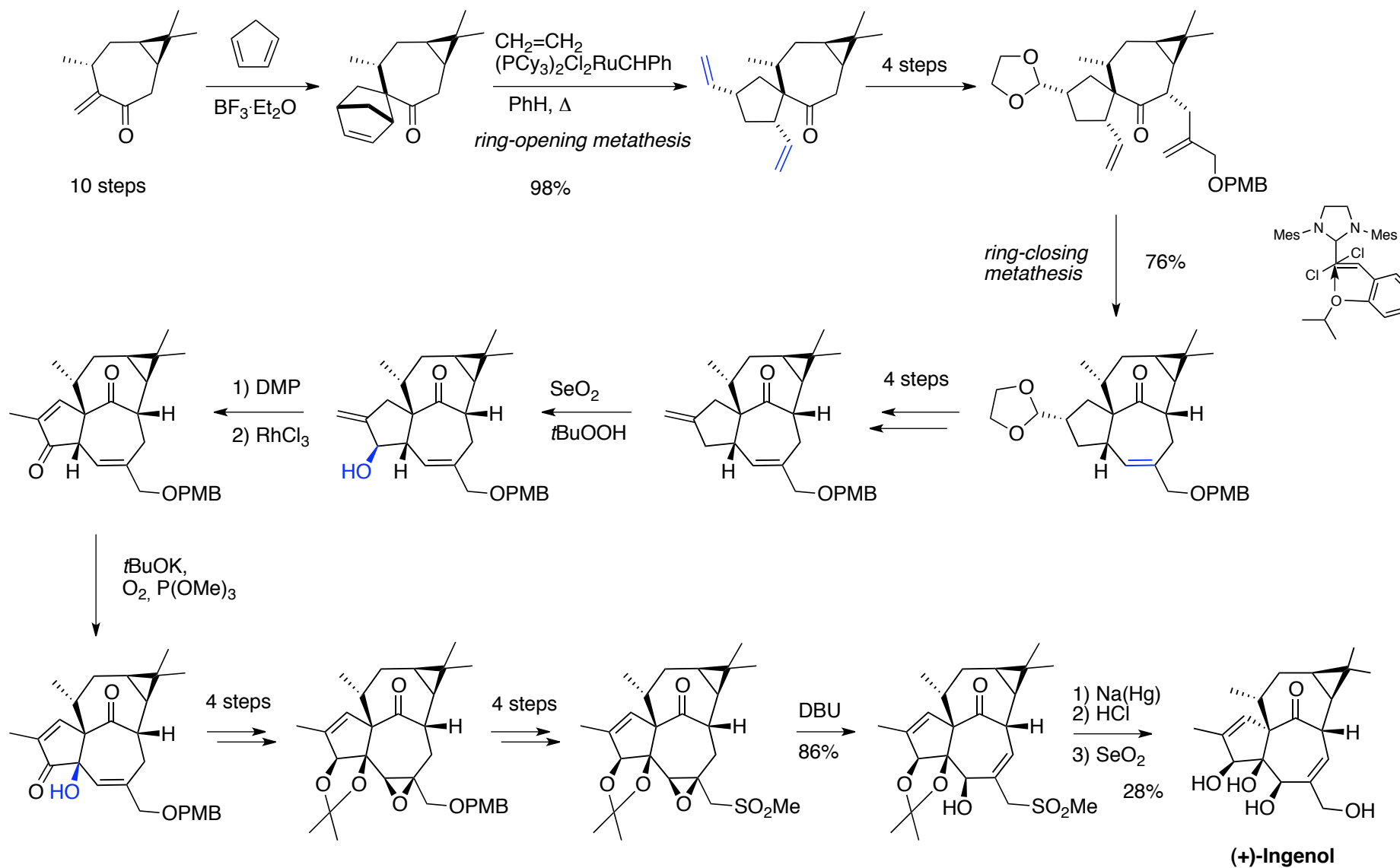
Winkler, J. D.; Rouse, M. B.; Greaney, M. F.; Harrison, S. J.; Jeon, Y. T. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2002**, *124*, 9726-9728.

Tanino/Kuwajima's strategy



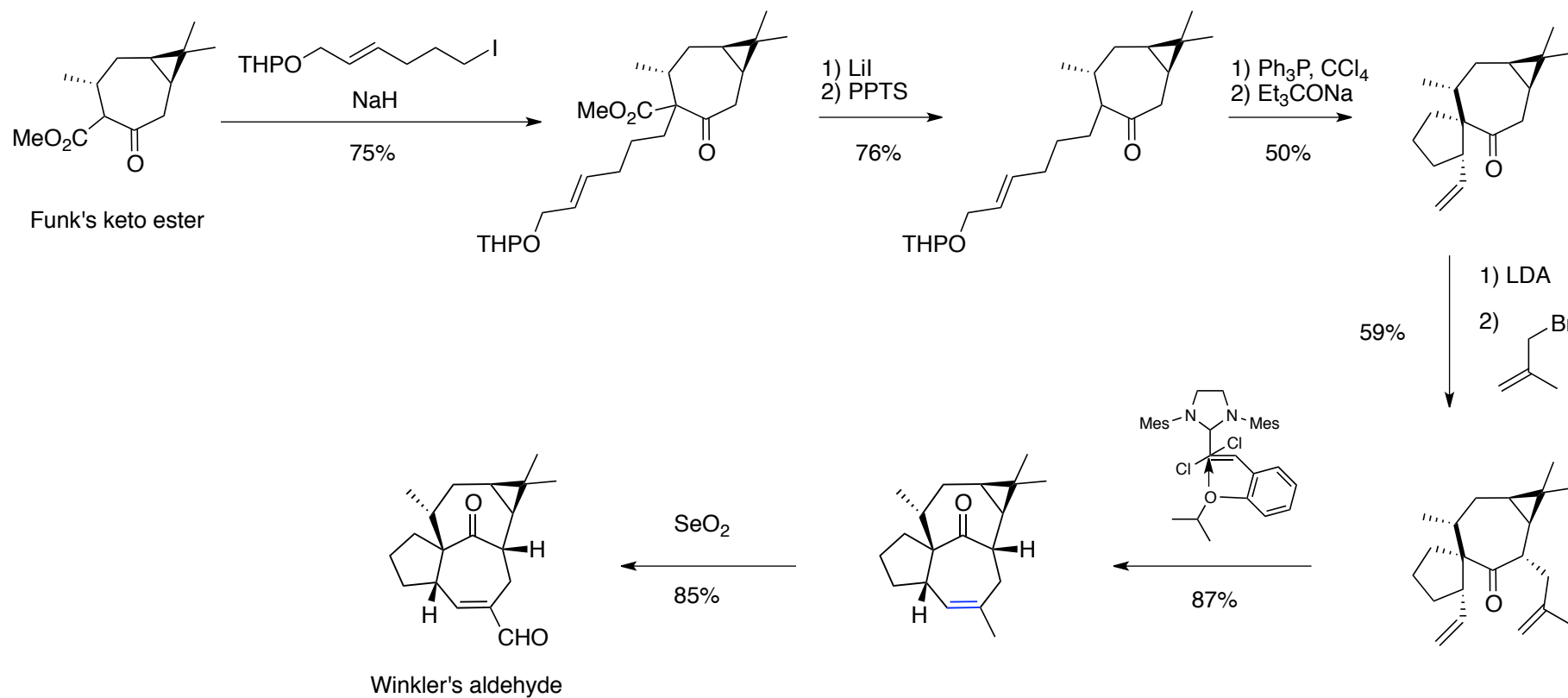
Tanino, K.; Onuki, K.; Asano, K.; Miyashita, M.; Nakamura, T.; Takahashi, Y.; Kuwajima, I. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2003**, *125*, 1498-1500.

Wood's strategy



Total Synthesis of Ingenol. Nickel, A.; Maruyama, T.; Tang, H.; Murphy, P. D.; Greene, B.; Yusuff, N.; Wood, J. L. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2004**, *126*, 16300-16301

Kigoshi's strategy (formal synthesis)



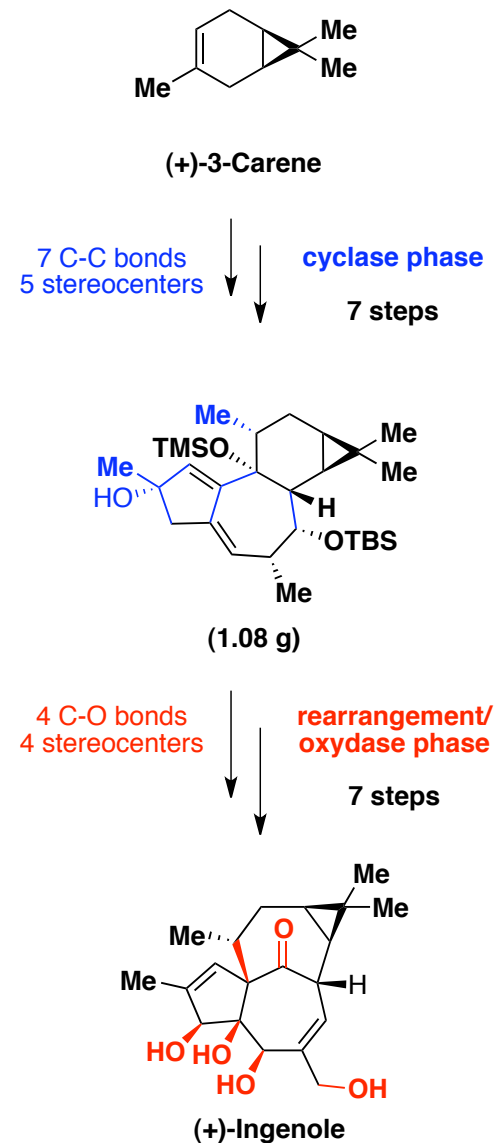
Watanabe K, Suzuki Y, Aoki K, Sakakura A, Suenaga K, Kigoshi H. *J. Org. Chem.* **2004**, *69*, 7802-7808

This work

Highly stereocontrolled synthesis of (+)-ingenole starting from (+)-carene (\$10.2/mol)

14 steps 1.2% overall yield

2 phases strategies: **cyclase** and **oxidase**

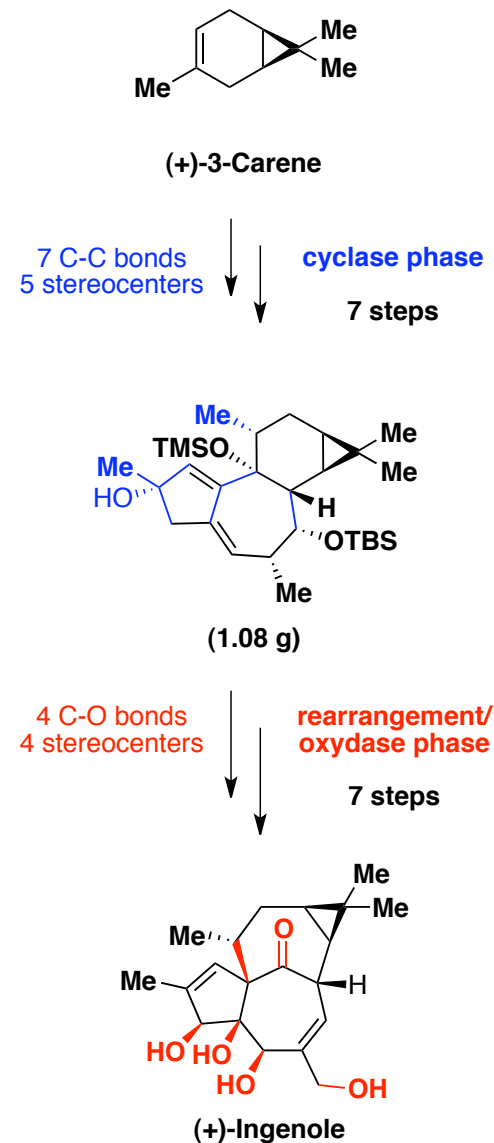
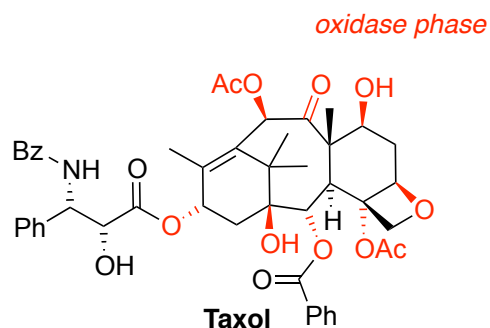
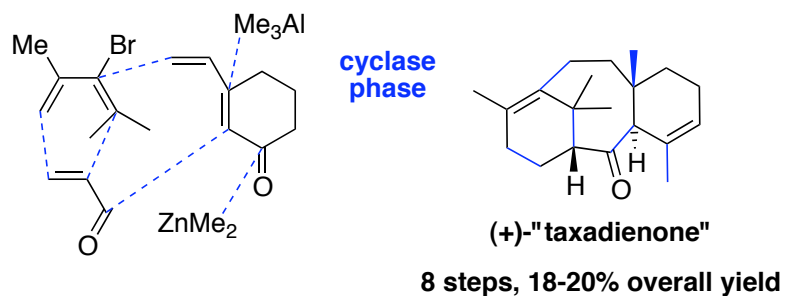


This work

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2 phase strategy: **cyclase** and **oxidase**

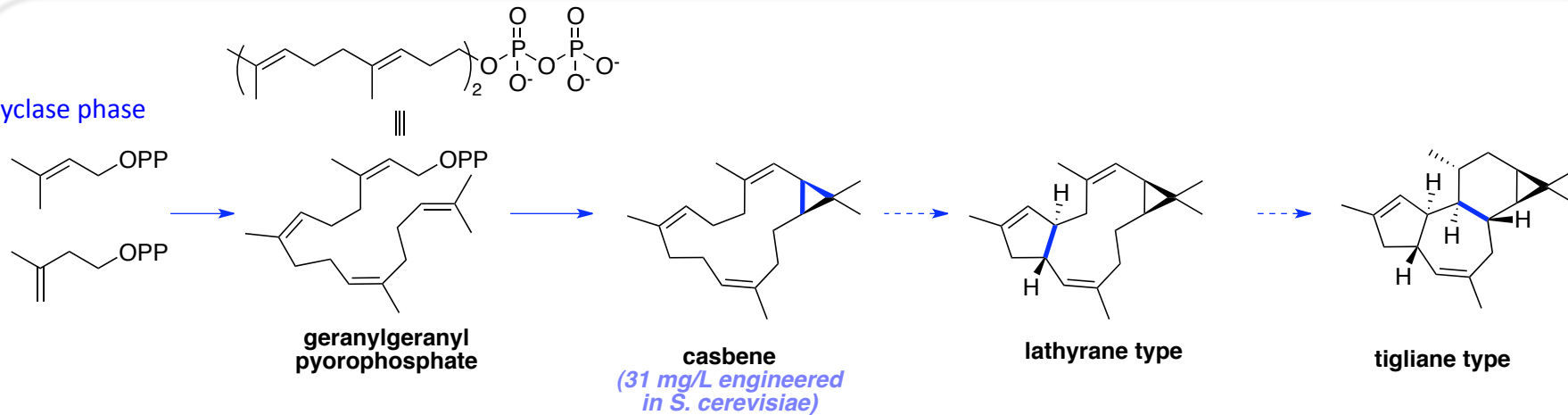


A. Mendoza, Y. Ishihara, P. S. Baran. *Nature Chemistry* **2012**, 4, 21–25

Biosynthetic inspiration

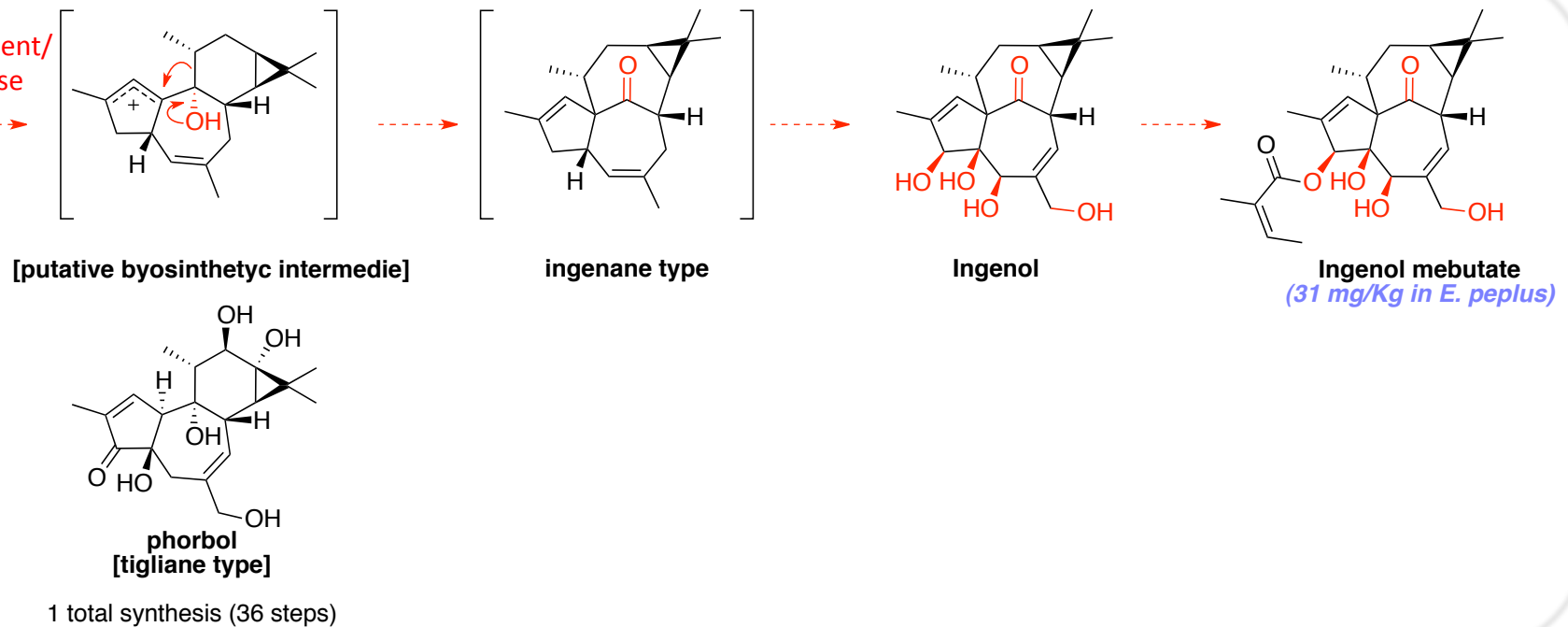
4

Cyclase phase

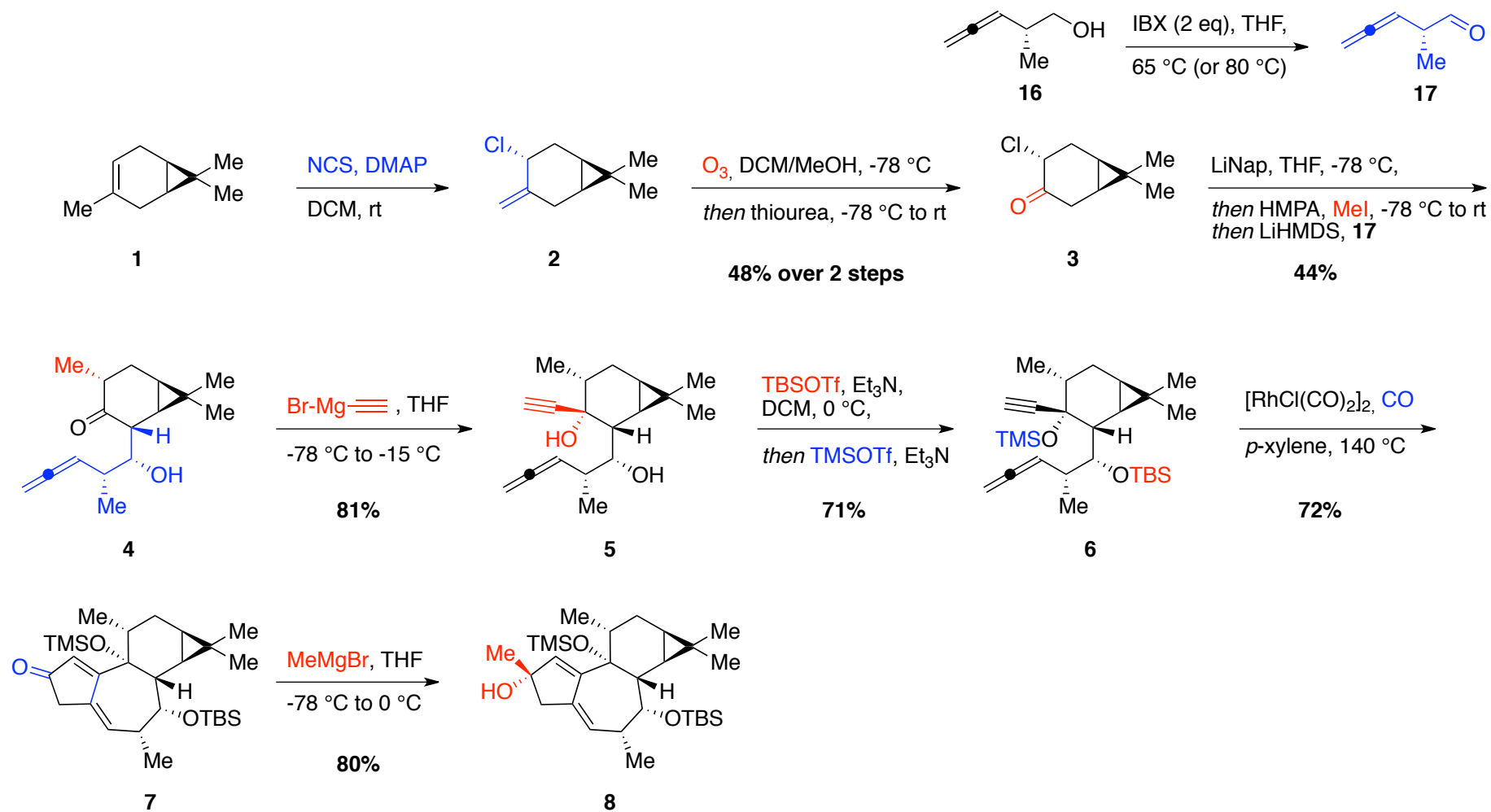


4

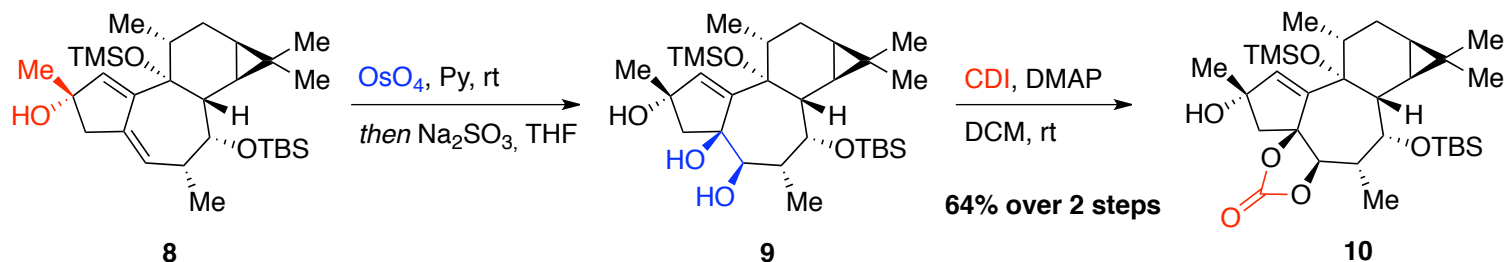
Rearrangement/
oxidase phase



Cyclase phase



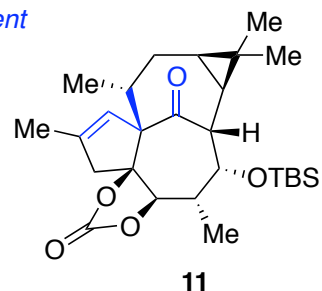
Rearrangement/oxidase phase



Pinacol rearrangement

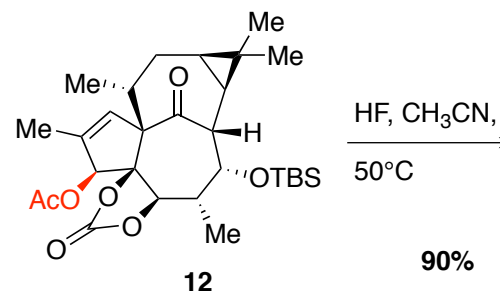
$\text{BF}_3 \cdot \text{Et}_2\text{O}$, DCM
 -78°C to -40°C
 then $\text{MeOH}/\text{Et}_3\text{N}$
 -40°C to rt

80%



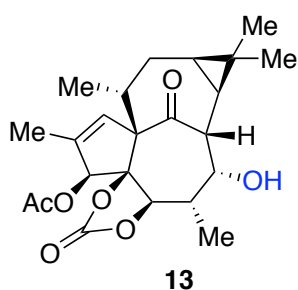
SeO_2 , dioxane, 80°C
 then Ac_2O , Py, DMAP

59%



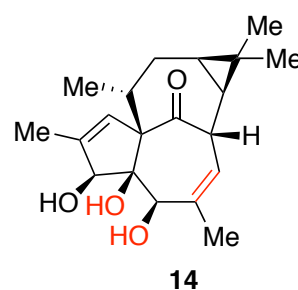
90%

HF , CH_3CN ,
 50°C



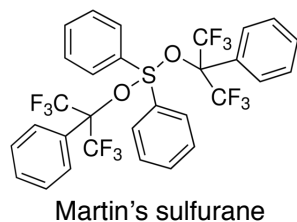
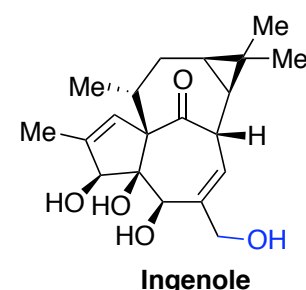
Martin's sulfurane
 CHCl_3 , reflux
 then NaOH , THF

81%

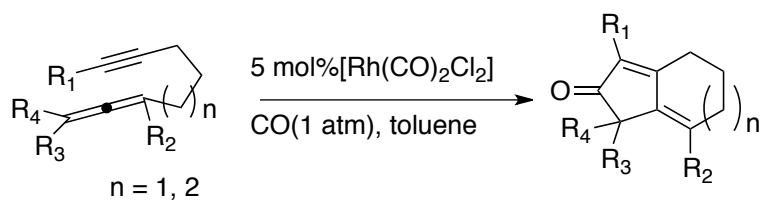
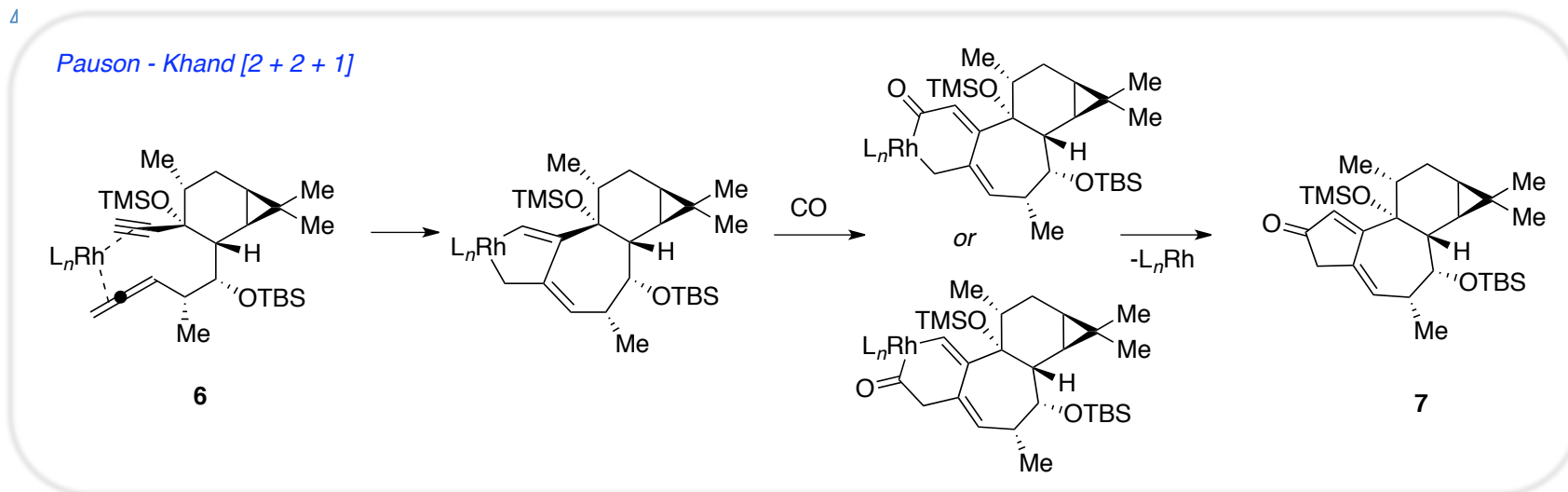


SeO_2 , HCOOH ,
 dioxane, 80°C
 then NaOH

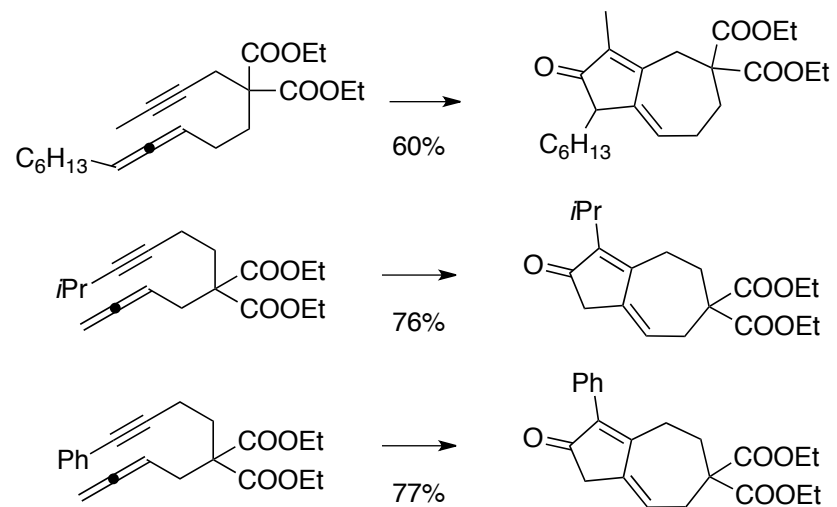
76%



Key step 1

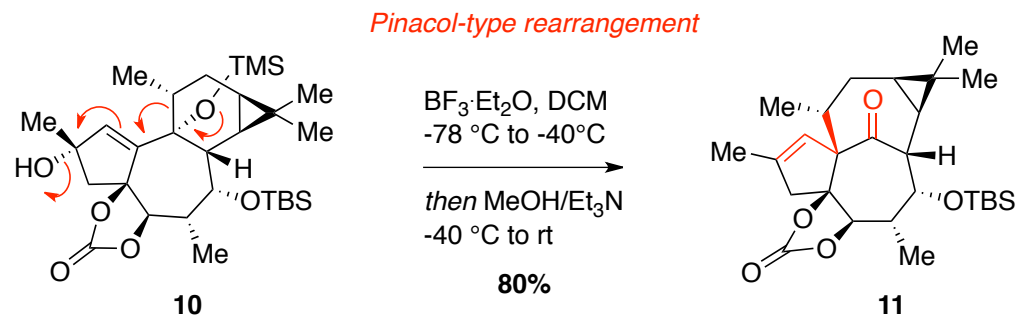


K. M. Brummond, H. Chen, K. D. Fisher, A. D. Kerekes, B. Rickards, P. C. Sill, S. J. Geib. *Organic Letters*, **2002**, 4, 1931-1934

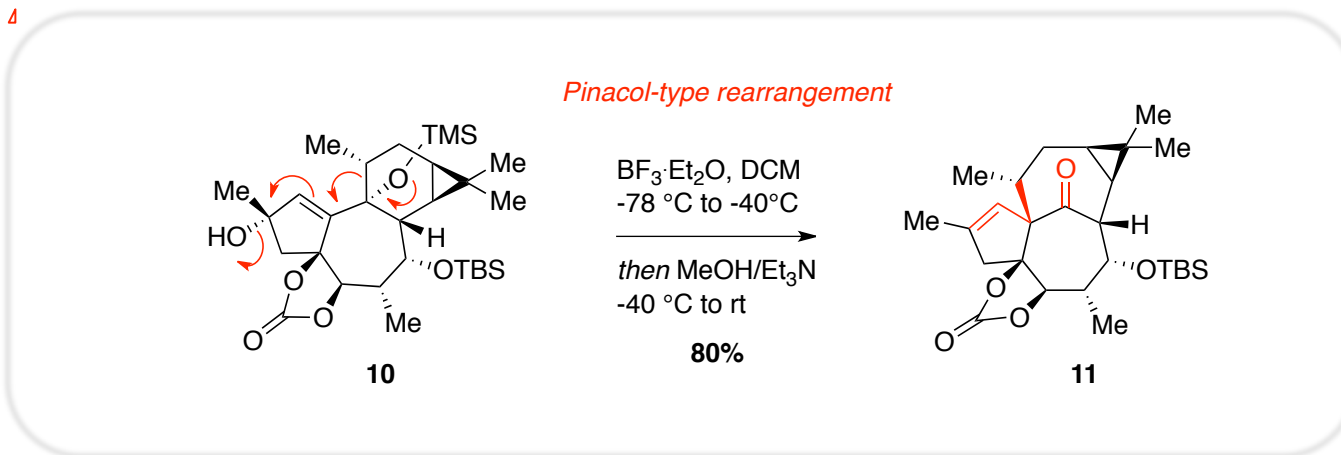


Key step 2

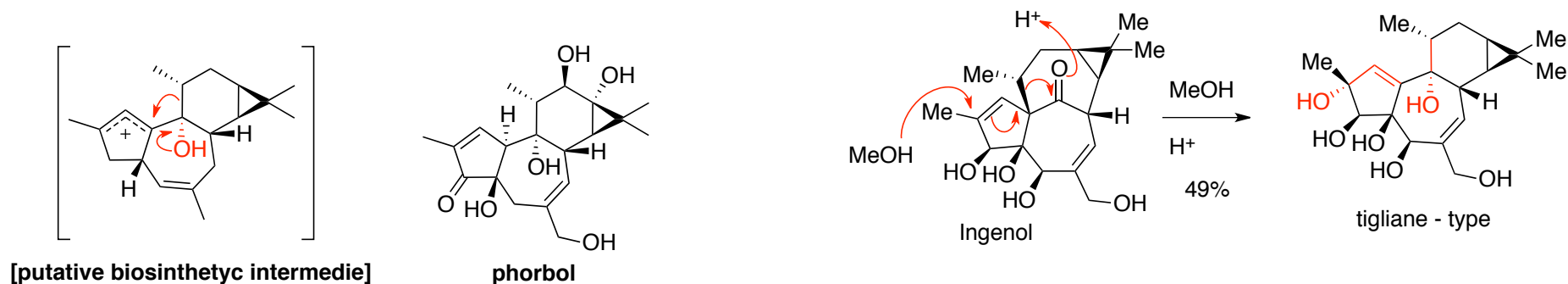
4



Key step 2



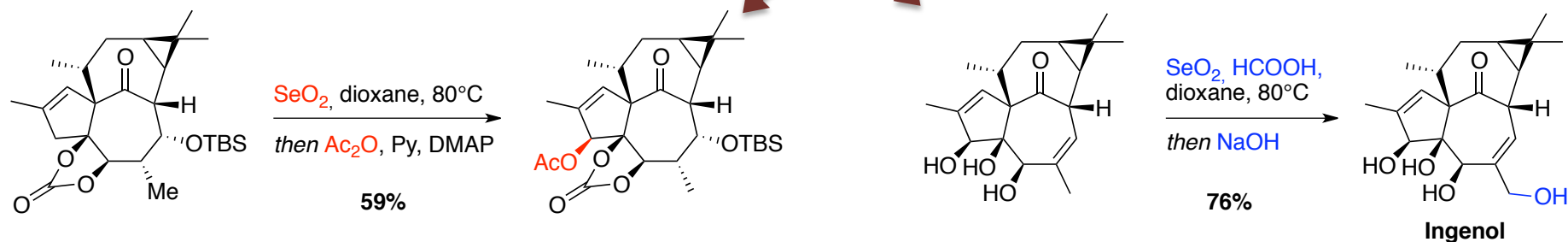
“Bio” vs “chem” inspiration



G. Appendino, G. C. Tron, G. Cravotto, G. Palmisano, R. Annunziata, G. Baj, N. Surico, *European Journal of Organic Chemistry*, **1999**, 12, 3413–3420

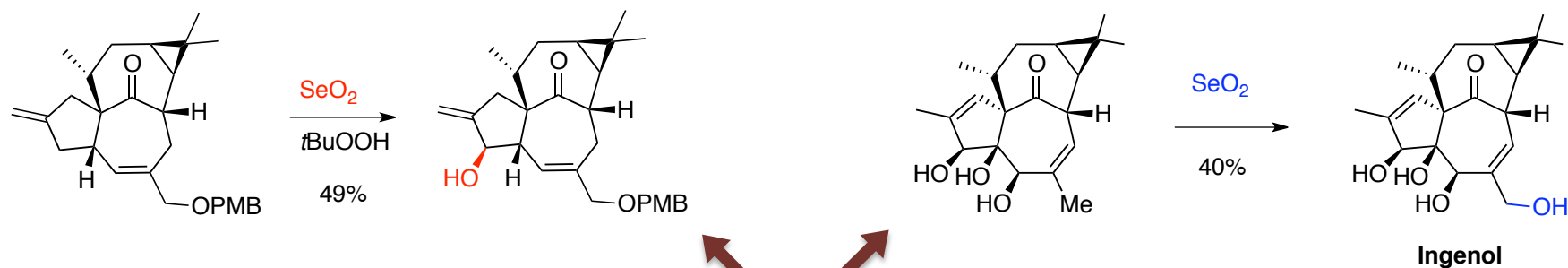
SeO₂ oxidations

Baran



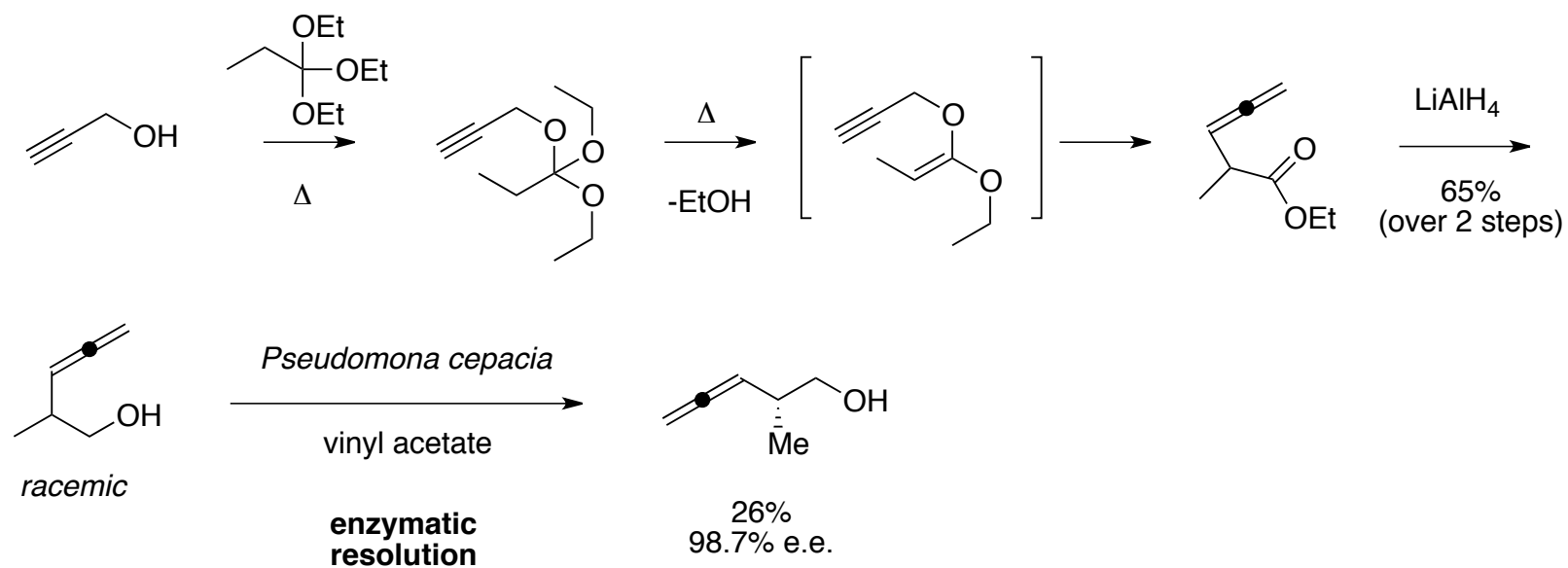
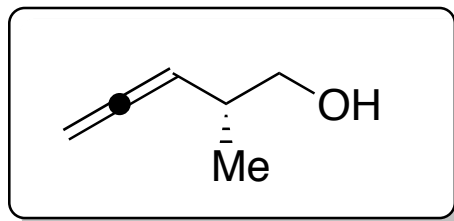
(Shibuya's condition)

Shibuya, K., *Synth. Commun.*, **1994**, 24, 2923-2941



Wood

“Hidden” steps



3 more steps, 17% overall yield



Wipf Group

Key step procedures

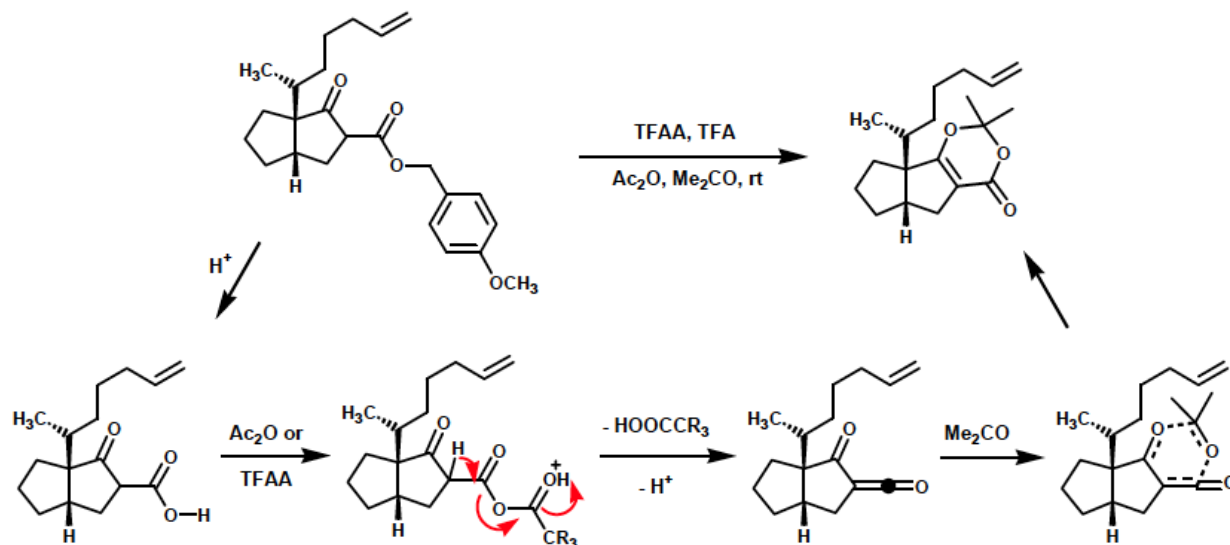
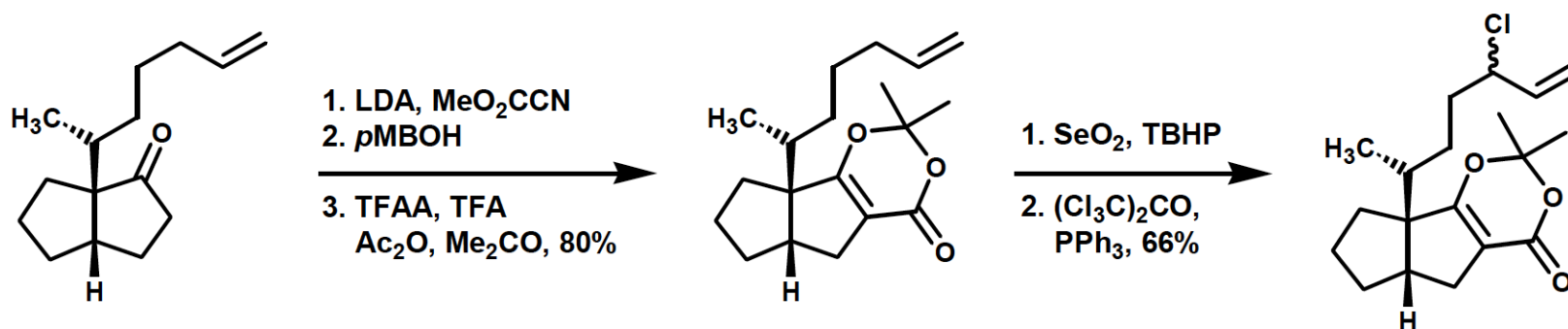
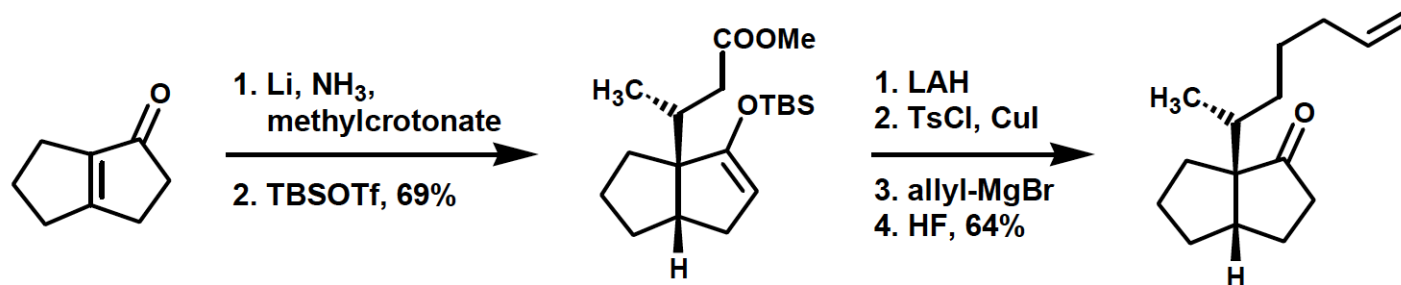
Pauson Khand

A 1L three-neck flask was charged with a solution of **6** (1.5 g, 3.25 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in anhydrous *p*-xylene (650 mL) and the solution was degassed using carbon monoxide under sonication. $[\text{RhCl}(\text{CO})_2]_2$ (126.3 mg, 0.325 mmol, 0.1 equiv) was added and the reaction mixture was transferred into a preheated oil bath and stirred at 140 °C under 1 atm of CO for 12 h.

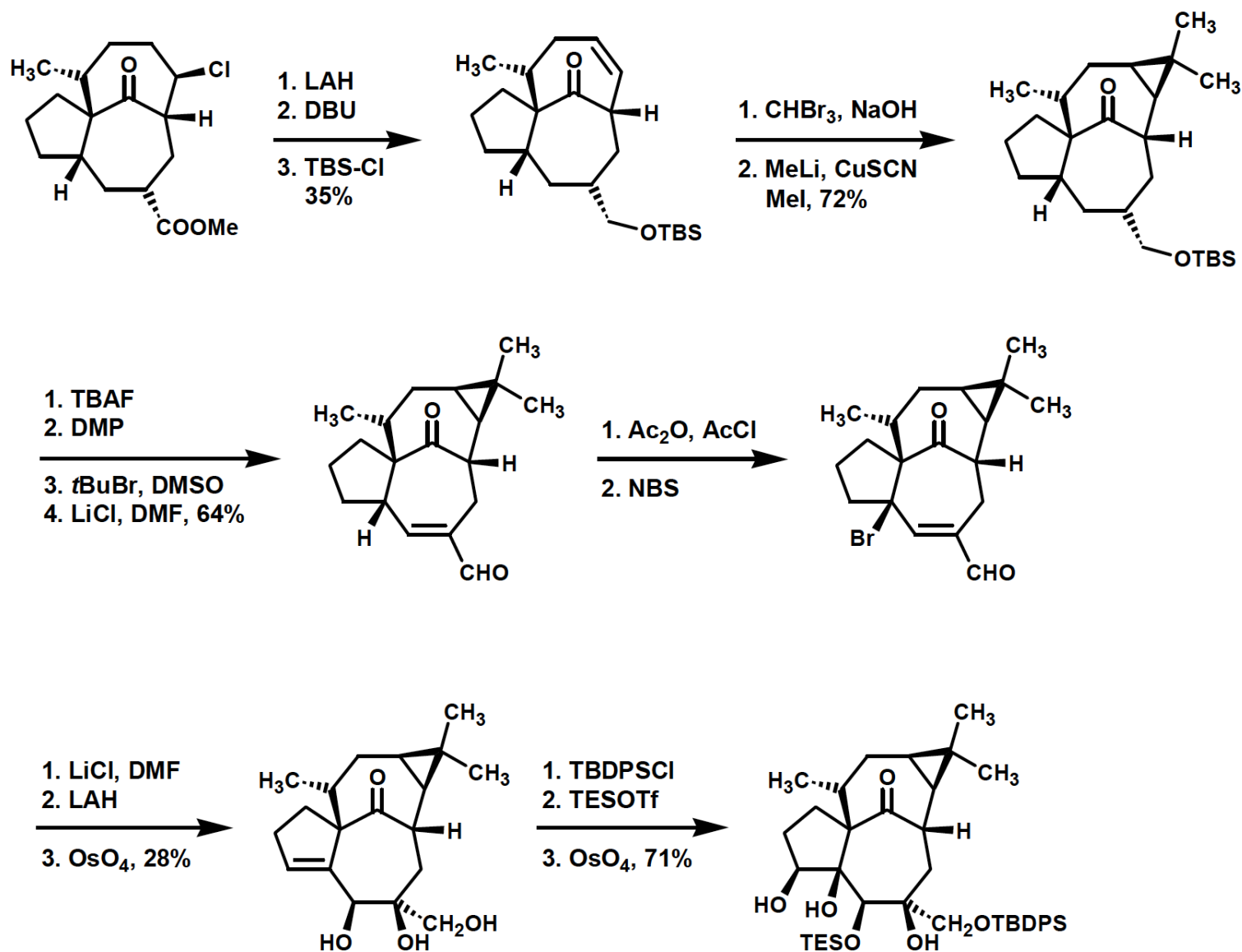
Pinacol rearrangement

To a solution of **10** (191 mg, 0.338 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in DCM (7 mL) was added $\text{BF}_3 \cdot \text{Et}_2\text{O}$ (420 μL , 3.38 mmol, 10 equiv) dropwise at -78 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at this temperature for 2 min before being warmed to -50 °C. After 30 min, a 1:1 mixture of $\text{Et}_3\text{N}/\text{MeOH}$ (3 mL) was added at -40 °C, the solution was stirred for 2 min and saturated aqueous NaHCO_3 (5 mL) was added...

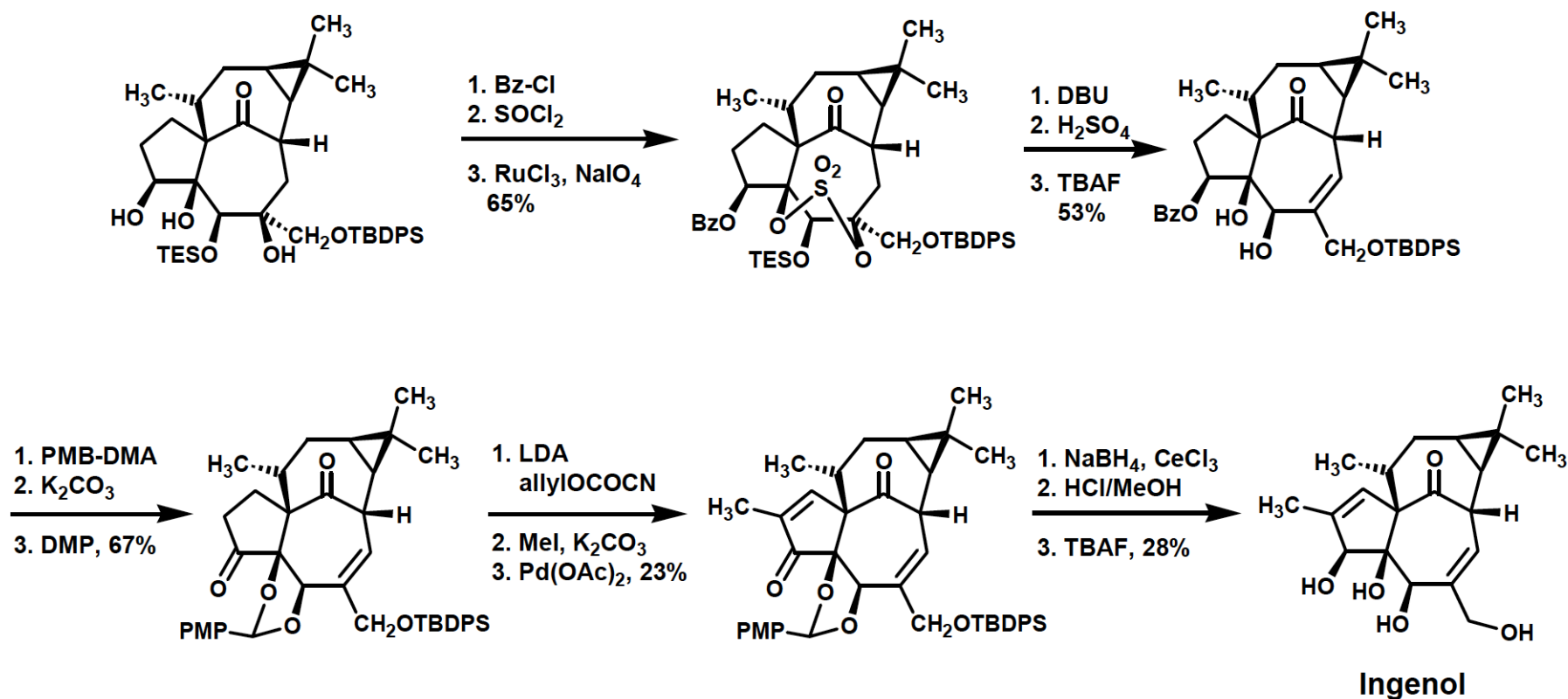
Winkler: first steps



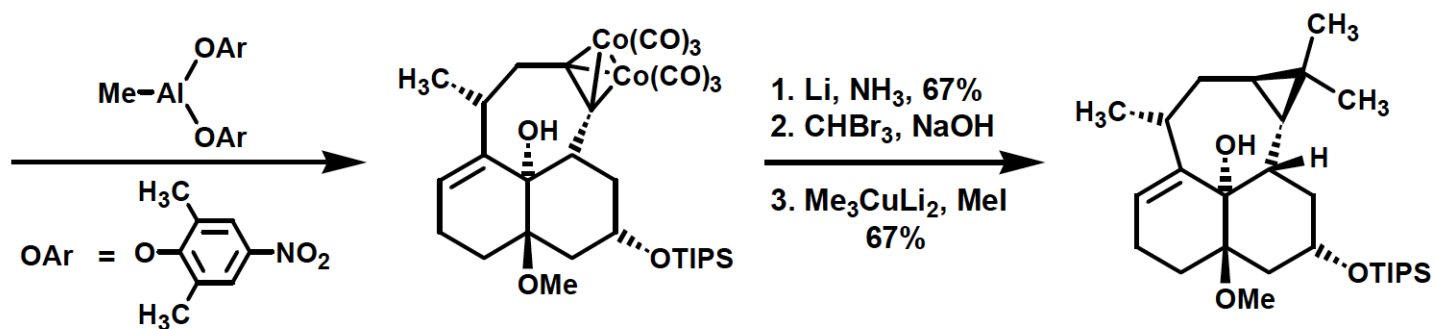
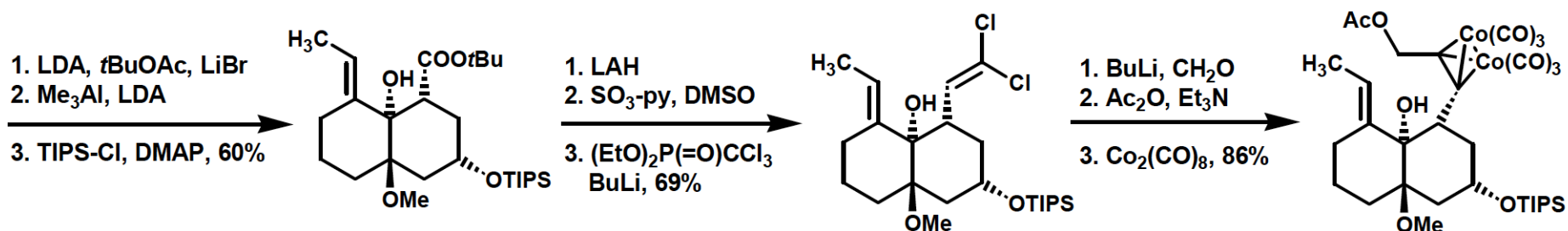
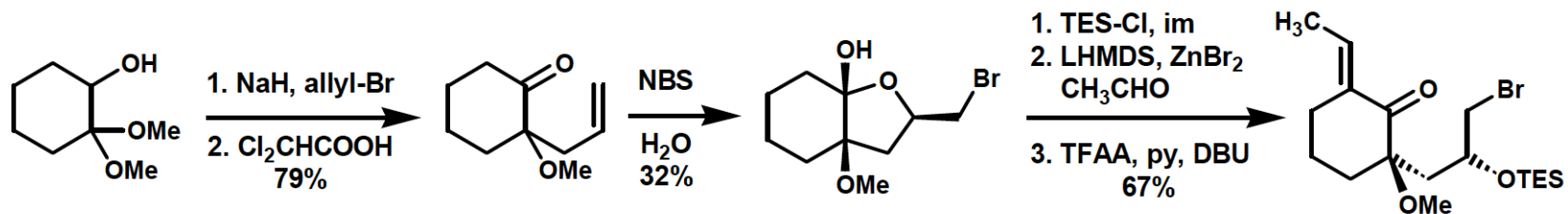
Winkler: last steps



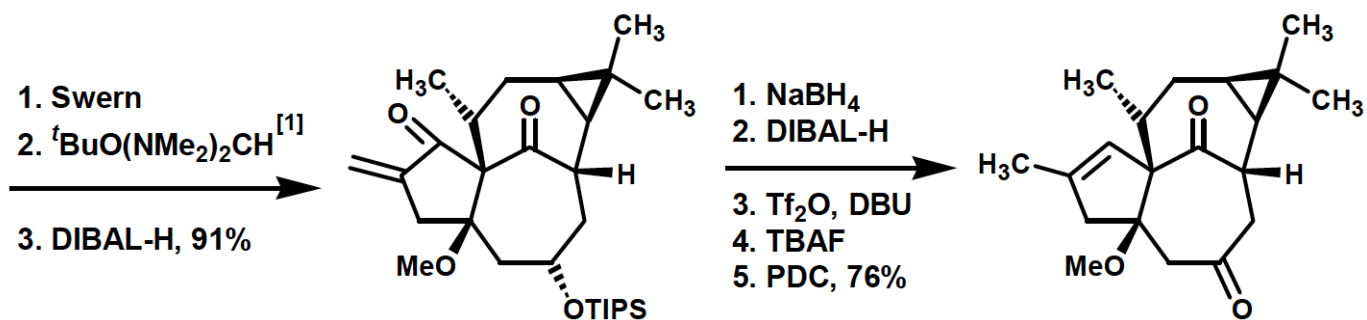
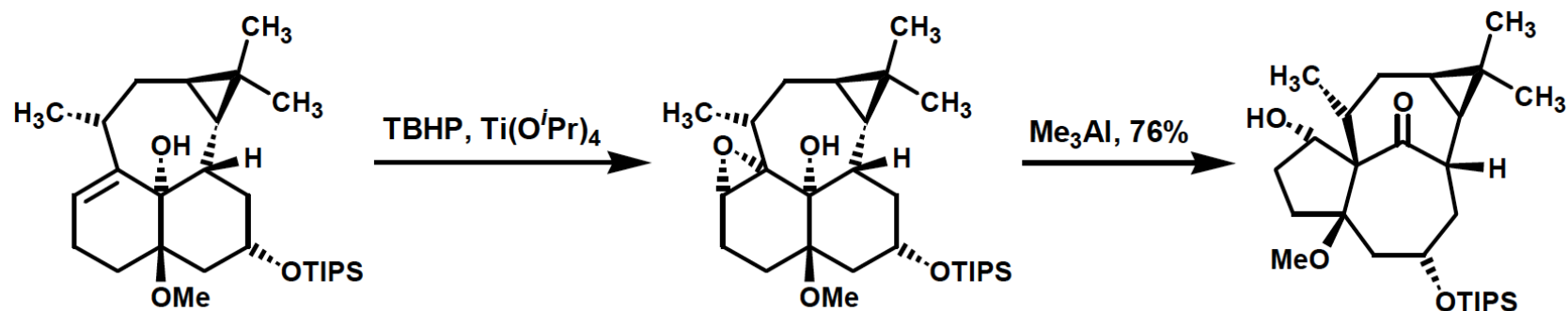
Winkler: final steps



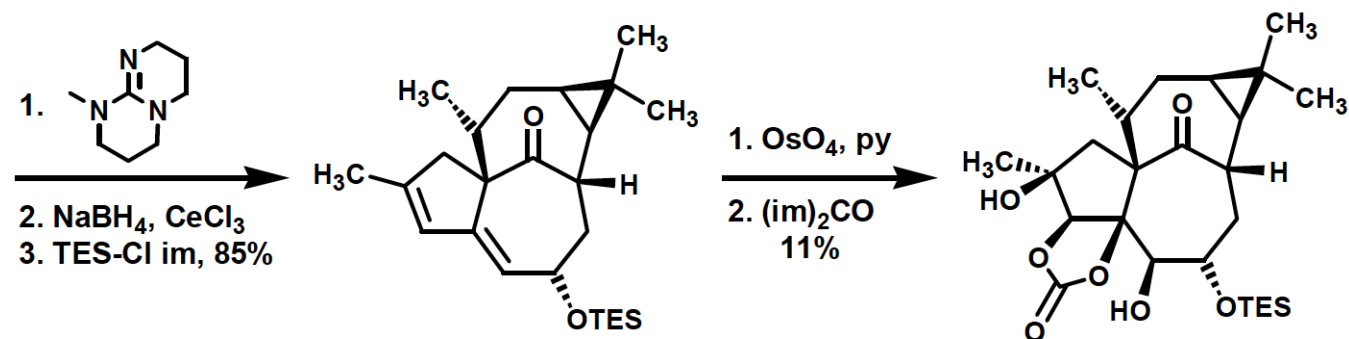
Tanino: first steps



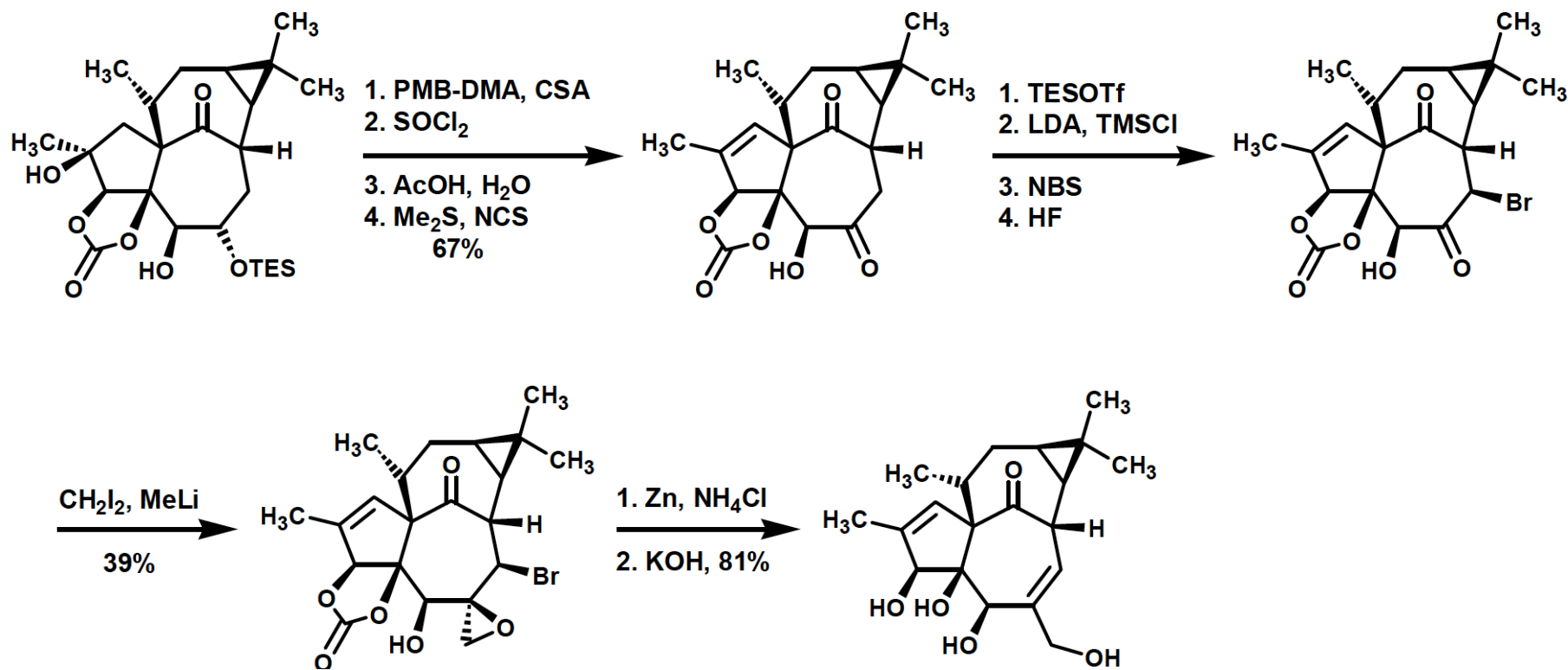
Tanino: final steps



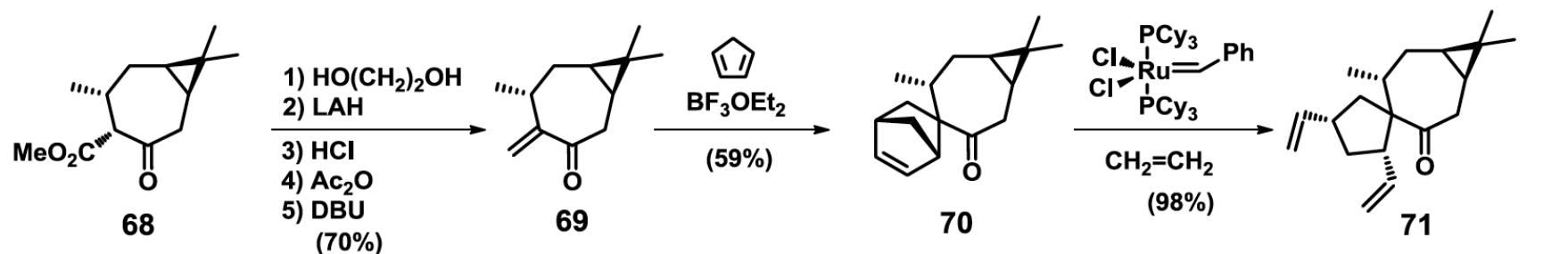
[1] Trost, B. M.; Preckel, M. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1973**, *95*, 7862-7864



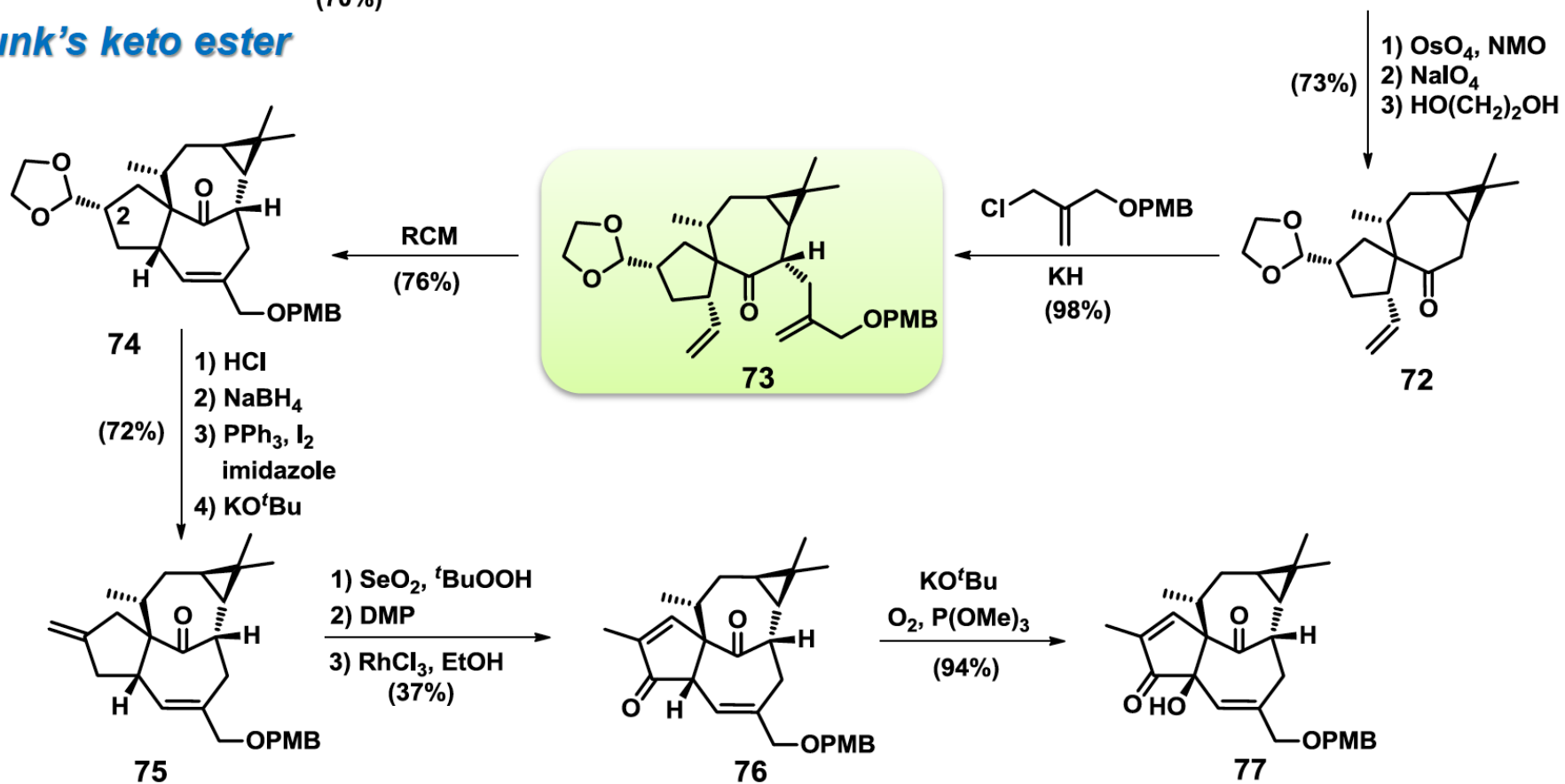
Tanino: final steps



Wood: first steps



Funk's keto ester



Wood: final steps

